MAGNET-SCHULTZ

SPECIALISTS IN ELEKTROMAGNETIC DEVICES



InductiveTransducer in Metal Housing

11

A WE F

Application

The inductive transducer is a linear system for measuring travel. It can either be flanged to a solenoid or to any other object to be measured. The core, which can be moved within the coils, has to be connected to the object to be measured via the threaded pin. Special features of MSM transducers are high resolution, good linearity and long service life.

In connection with control electronics and a proportional solenoid you get a complete travel-control system. Mounting by centre thread. For applications under pressure, sealing between pressure-tight tube and the solenoid or valve through O-ring.

Function

Function of the inductive transducer is based on the principle function of a differential transformer. The electronics integrated in the device supply the primary coil, evaluates voltage induced in the secondary coils and provides a defined output signal.

Design features

- Two designs with limiting frequency 20 Hz and 500 Hz
- Suitable for dry and wet applications
- Pressure-tight tube, designed for 350 bar static pressure
- Mounting by square flange
- Electrical connection and protection rating if mounted properly:
 - Connection with built-on plug by Messrs. Binder M12 x 1 – 713 series
 - Protection to DIN VDE 0470 / EN 60529 IP 65 with sealed read-out potentiometer
- Electronic zero-point adjustment from the outside
- Threaded pin for fastening the core to the object to be measured
- EMC: To EMC guidelin 89/336/EWG



Fig. 1: A WE F 004 A02



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Technical data

A WE F 004		A01 A02 A03	A04 A05 A06
Measuring path	(mm)	_	1
Supply voltage	(V)	24 ±	10 %
Current consumption	(mA)	< 50	
Sensitivity	$\left(\frac{==V}{mm}\right)$	0.5 ± 1 %	
Output voltage	(===V)	5.5 9.5	
Linearity tolerance	(%)	±	1
Top limiting frequency (-3 dB)	(Hz)	typ. 20	typ. 500
Reference temper. range	(°C)	0	+ 50
Temperature drift	(% / °C)	typ.	0.05
Load resistance	$(k\Omega)$	>	5

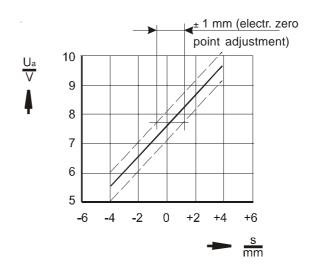


Fig. 2: Voltage vs stroke diagram for transducer with integrated electronic

Sensitivity

Sensitivity is the change in the output signal (ΔU) with reference to the cange in the measuring path (Δs indicated in V/mm).

Sensitivity =
$$\frac{\Delta U}{\Delta s}$$

Linearity error

The Linearity error indicates the deviation of the output signal from the ideal graph in per cent.

$$deviation_{Lin} = \frac{(U_{actual} - U_{nominal})}{U_{voltage stroke}} x 100 \%$$

Temperature drift

Temperature drift indicates in per cent the deviation of the output signal per degree of temperature change (shown in % / °C).

deviation temp. =
$$\frac{(U_{\text{temp}} - U_{20^{\circ}\text{C}})}{U_{\text{voltage stroke}} \times \Delta T} \times 100 \%$$

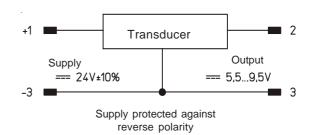


Fig. 3: Block diagram

Built-in electronics protected
against incorrect polarity at 1 and 3

Note on the technical harmonisation guidelines within the EU

CE

The device has been EMC tested and conforms with the regulations of EU guideline 89/336/EWG.

On request, conformance with standards can be confirmed.

High-voltage test: Short-circuited connector pins against housing to DIN VDE 0580.



Dimensions sheet

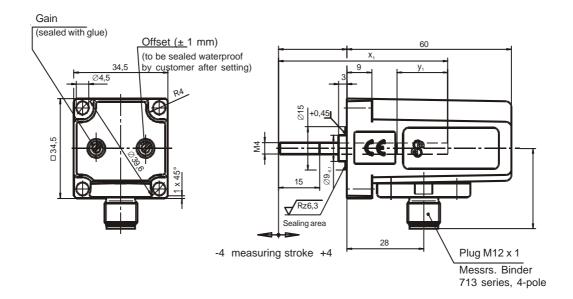


Fig. 4: Types A WE F 004 A01 A WE F 004 A04

Types	X ₁	y ₁
A WE F 004 A01	61.75	18.5
A WE F 004 A04	68.50	28.0

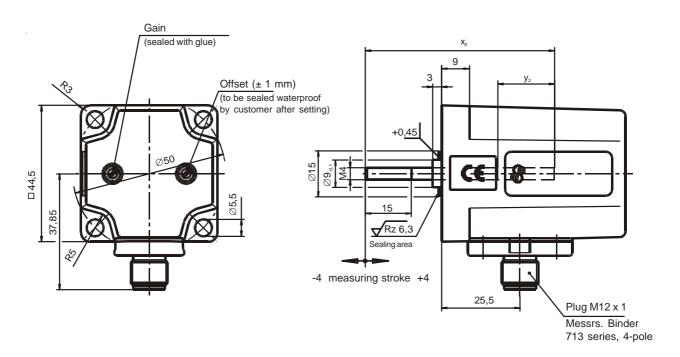
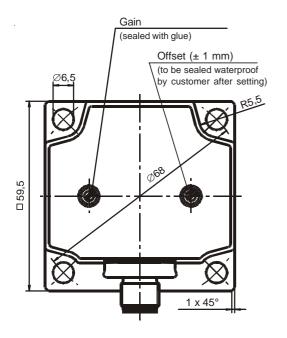


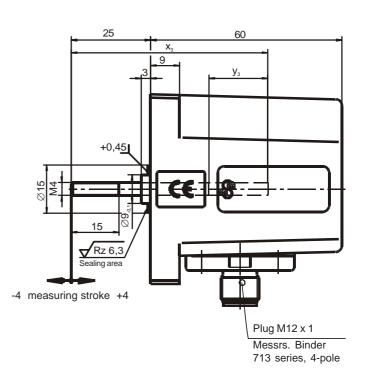
Fig. 5: Types A WE F 004 A02 A WE F 004 A05

Types	X ₂	y ₂
A WE F 004 A02	61.75	18.5
A WE F 004 A05	68.90	28.0



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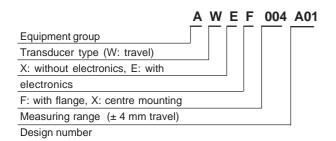


Types	X ₃	y ₃
A WE F 004 A03	61,75	18,5
A WE F 004 A06	68,90	28,8

Fig. 6: Types A WE F 004 A03 A WE F 004 A06



Type code



Order Example

Type A WE F 004 A01
Voltage 24 V DC

Specials

Please do not hesitate to ask us for applicationoriented problem solutions. In order to find rapidly a reliable solution we need complete details about your application conditions. The details should be specified as precisely as possible in accordance with the relevant $^{\bullet}$ - technical explanations.

If necessary, please request the support of our corresponding technical office.